

COVID-19 INFORMATION

Travellers from abroad

THE PARIS CONVENTION AND VISITORS BUREAU IS AT YOUR SERVICE

You'll find all this information on:

https://en.convention.parisinfo.com/latest-news/covid-paris

If you are visiting Paris and have any other questions, please contact the Paris Convention and Visitors Bureau on: +33 (0) 1 49 52 42 52.

CURRENT HEALTH MEASURES

WEARING OF MASKS AND THE VACCINE PASS

From 28 February 2022

The wearing of a mask is no longer mandatory indoors in public places where entry is subject to the presentation of the vaccine pass (cinemas, museums, professional events). Masks are still mandatory in other public places (shops ...) and in transport.

The presentation of the vaccine pass is compulsory in certain circumstances (see list after), for all persons aged 18 and over.

To be eligible for a valid vaccine pass, a booster dose must have been received within 4 months of the 2nd dose. The booster dose is not mandatory for adolescents aged 16 and 17, who are considered fully vaccinated after two doses. Their vaccine pass is therefore valid even if they have not received a booster dose.

As from 14 March 2022

Rules requiring the presentation of a vaccine pass will be suspended.

A health pass will still be required to access some place, such as medical establishments and care homes.

The wearing of a mask will no longer be mandatory, except for in public transport and in medical establishments and care homes.

Reminder of the circumstances governing the application of the vaccination pass (between 28 February and 14 March):

- commercial food and drink outlets, such as bars, restaurants, and terraces, with the exception of room service provided by hotel restaurants and bars;
- · fairs, trade shows and business seminars;
- · health, social and medical-social services and facilities, with the exception of emergencies;
- · long-distance travel by inter-regional public transport (domestic flights and high-speed TGV train journeys);

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- · department stores and shopping centres with a surface area exceeding 20,000 m², subject to conditions;
- the majority of cultural and leisure venues (theme parks, museums and monuments, boat cruises when more than 50 passengers are present, etc.).

Minors aged from 12 to 15 are required to present a health pass to gain access to the attractions mentioned above.

HOW TO GET A VACCINE EQUIVALENCY PASS

If you have been vaccinated in a member state of the European Union, Andorra, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, the United Kingdom (England and Wales) or Switzerland, your country of vaccination can supply you with a digital EU COVID certificate valid in France or, for the United Kingdom, a digital format is also accepted. You do not therefore need to convert your pass.

For visitors from other countries - outside the European Union:

1. Make a request at a pharmacy

Since 26 October 2021, foreign visitors can apply for a certificate of vaccine equivalence directly in a pharmacy. Pharmacies offering this service are listed on: https://www.sante.fr/how-to-obtain-a-french-health-pass
The vaccine equivalence certificate generation service may be billed for a price not exceeding €36 − including tax.

2. Make a request with a partner of the Tourist Office

To enable groups and individual travellers with non-European vaccines to obtain a French health pass with a QR Code remotely, the Tourist Office has teamed up with two companies. The latter undertake to do the conversion within 24 to 72 hours after all the requested documents have been submitted.

- Aceso: €35 per French pass converted with QR Code
 Make your request on https://aceso.fr/qrcode.
- Loxamed: €55 per French pass converted with QR Code

Send the request to conciergerie@loxamed.fr, pending the setting up of a dedicated online service on their website.

Documents to be produced in both cases:

- A passport;
- The original vaccination certificate in paper format.

These mandatory documents must clearly show the person's last name, first name, date of birth as well as the date of vaccination, the vaccine used, the number of doses injected and the country of vaccination.

TRAVEL TO MAINLAND FRANCE

For foreign visitors wishing to visit France, the French Ministry of the Interior website provides regularly updated information on the latest health measures and required documents:

https://www.interieur.gouv.fr/Actualites/L-actu-du-Ministere/Certificate-of-international-travelhttps://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/fr/conseils-aux-voyageurs/informations-pratiques/article/coronavirus-covid-19

Travel between France and other countries is open according to conditions that vary depending on the health situation in third party countries and the vaccination status of travellers. From 12 February 2022, <u>vaccinated travellers</u> arriving from a country outside the European Union are no longer required to take a PCR or antigen test.

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As a general rule, to enter France from a European Union country, you must:

If you have been vaccinated, show proof of full vaccination with a vaccine recognized by the European Medicines Agency.

If you have not been vaccinated:

- Either present a negative PCR or antigen test result less than 24 hours old (self-tests are not accepted);
- Or present a certificate of recovery (valid for 4 months).

All travellers must complete:

- A 'sworn statement' form in which they accept that a virological screening test or biological examination for SARS-CoV-2 may be performed upon arrival.
- A 'sworn statement' form self-certifying they are not suffering from symptoms associated with Covid-19 and have not been in contact with confirmed cases.

TRAVELLERS FROM COUNTRIES/TERRITORIES ON THE 'GREEN' LIST

1. For member states of the European Union, Andorra, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Monaco, Norway, San Marino, the Holy See and Switzerland:

Travellers aged 12 years or older without proof of a complete vaccination schedule or a Covid-19 recovery certificate will be required to present a negative test result (PCR or antigenic) less than 24 hours old before travelling. They may be required to take an antigen test on arrival.

2. For Angola, Argentina, the Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Cambodia, Canada, Cape Verde, Colombia, the Comoros, Cuba, Djibouti, the Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Equatorial Guinea, Eswatini, Fidji, Gabon, Ghana, Guinea, Guinea Bissau, Honduras, Hong Kong, India, Indonesia, Irak, Jamaica, Japan, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Kuwait, Laos, Lesotho, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Namibia, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Oman, Pakistan, Paraguay, Peru, the Philippines, Qatar, Republic of Côte d'Ivoire, Rwanda, Saint Kitts and Nevis, Salvador, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, South Africa, South Korea, Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Tanzania, Tchad, Togo, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Vietnam, Zambia and Zimbabwe:

Travellers aged 12 years or older without proof of a complete vaccination schedule or a Covid-19 recovery certificate will be required to present a negative PCR test result less than 72 hours old or an antigen test (TAG) less than 48 hours old before travelling. They may be required to take an antigen test on arrival.

TRAVELLERS FROM COUNTRIES/TERRITORIES ON THE 'AMBER' LIST

For all countries/territories other than those mentioned in paragraph 1 ('green')

All travellers aged 12 years or older without proof of a complete vaccination schedule or a Covid-19 recovery certificate will be required to present a negative PCR test result less than 72 hours old before travelling or an antigen test (TAG) less than 48 hours old before the flight. They may be required to take an antigen test on arrival. From 12 February 2022, travellers who have been vaccinated in accordance with EU regulations, are no longer required to present a test before departure. Proof of a complete vaccination schedule is again sufficient to arrive in France, regardless of the country of origin.

In addition:

- vaccinated travellers (complete vaccination schedule, see above) are not subject to the 'essential reasons' ruling.
- non-vaccinated travellers are subject to the 'essential reasons' ruling and must-self isolate for 7 days and take a test at the end of this period. The list of essential reasons is given in the Certificate of International Travel issued by the French Ministry of the Interior.

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Visitors from abroad with Covid-19

Some accommodation providers do not accept visitors infected with Covid-19. Should this be your case, contact us at com. We have a list of accommodation providers who accept tourists tested positive for Covid-19 as an emergency measure, in optimal health conditions.

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